



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE THREE AND SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2021
(Expressed in US dollars, except tables and otherwise noted)

2021



CERRADO GOLD INC.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2021 and 2020
(Expressed in US dollars, except tables and otherwise noted)

INTRODUCTION

The following Management's Discussion & Analysis ("MD&A") dated August 26, 2021 is a review of the business activities and overview of financial position for Cerrado Gold Inc. ("Cerrado" or the "Company") for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 and should be read in conjunction with the Company's unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, and related notes thereto. The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements, including International Accounting Standard 34, Interim Financial Reporting ("IAS 34"). This MD&A should also be read in conjunction with the Company's audited annual consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the related MD&A and the Annual Information Form for the year ended December 31, 2020 (the "2020 Annual Information Form"), which is available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

This MD&A also reports on items deemed significant that occurred between June 30, 2021, and the date on which the MD&A is approved by the Company's Board of Directors, which is August 26, 2021, inclusively.

The information provided in this MD&A and the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements is the responsibility of management. In the preparation of these financial statements, estimates are sometimes necessary to make a determination of future values for certain assets or liabilities. Management believes such estimates have been based on careful judgments and have been properly reflected in these financial statements.

Unless otherwise indicated, all reference to "dollar" or the use of the symbol "\$" are to the United States dollar in this Management Discussion and Analysis.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENT AND USE OF ESTIMATES

This MD&A contains "forward-looking statements" and "forward-looking information" (collectively, "forward-looking information") within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities legislation. All information contained in this news release, other than statements of current and historical fact, is forward-looking information. Often, but not always, forward-looking information can be identified by the use of words such as "plans", "expects", "budget", "guidance", "scheduled", "estimates", "forecasts", "strategy", "target", "intends", "objective", "goal", "understands", "anticipates" and "believes" (and variations of these or similar words) and statements that certain actions, events or results "may", "could", "would", "should", "might" "occur" or "be achieved" or "will be taken" (and variations of these or similar expressions). Forward-looking information is also identifiable in statements of currently occurring matters which may continue in the future, such as "providing the Company with", "is currently", "allows/allowing for", "will advance" or "continues to" or other statements that may be stated in the present tense with future implications. All of the forward-looking information in this MD&A is qualified by this cautionary note. Detailed information regarding risks and uncertainties is provided in the Risk and Uncertainties section of the MD&A.

In preparing interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with IFRS, management must exercise judgment when applying accounting policies and use assumptions and estimates that affect the amounts of the assets, liabilities, and expenses reported in the consolidated financial statements.

Because the use of assumptions and estimates is inherent to the financial reporting process, the actual results of items subject to assumptions and estimates could differ from original assumptions and estimates.

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COMPANY OVERVIEW & BACKGROUND

Cerrado is a public gold mining and exploration company with assets in Argentina and Brazil. Cerrado began trading on the TSX Venture Exchange on February 25, 2021 under the symbol "CERT".

In Argentina, Cerrado is focused on its producing Minera Don Nicolás gold mine ("MDN") located in the mineral rich Deseado Massif in the province of Santa Cruz, Argentina. MDN has been in production since 2017. The Company acquired 100% of MDN on March 16, 2020 from Minera Don Nicolás S.A via Compañía Inversora En Minas S.A. ("CIMINAS") and Compañía Inversora Argentina Para La Exportacion S.A. ("CIAPEXSA").

The gold deposits at MDN are classified as an epithermal gold vein style of deposit typical of the region which is host to numerous large-scale gold operations. Cerrado has commenced a new exploration program to confirm the current resource base and to focus on expanding the mine life through further exploration on surface and at depth.

In Brazil the Company is advancing its Monte De Carmo gold project. The project was acquired on April 20, 2018, whereby the Company through its wholly-owned subsidiary Serra Alta Mineracao Ltda. ("Serra Alta") acquired from Monte Sinai Mineracao Ltda. ("Monte Sinai") the Monte do Carmo gold project ("MDC") located in the Tocantins State of Brazil for a total consideration of \$6.075 million satisfied by the issuance of 13,500,000 Cerrado common shares, and advances to Monte Sinai amounting to \$1.267 million.

MDC consists of 14 exploration permits totaling 58,000 ha in the state of Tocantins and one title in the state of Minas Gerais of 1,999 hectares ("ha's"). The property has access to excellent local infrastructure and strong local support from the community. Regional investment in mineral exploration in the area, by others, is reported to have amounted to \$4.7 million from 1985 through 1995, and over \$20.0 million from 1996 to 2016 by various operators. Since the acquisition of MDC, Cerrado has undertaken various drilling and other exploration activities on site. To date, a Mineral Resource Estimate for the primary Serra Alta deposit, prepared in accordance with Canadian National Instrument 43-101 ("NI 43-101") with an effective date of December 5, 2018, has outlined an initial inferred mineral resource of 13.7 million tonnes, grading 1.85 g/t gold, for a contained gold resource of 813,000 oz. Continued exploration is planned at Serra Alta and the surrounding area with the objective to rapidly expand this mineral resource base.

CORPORATE DEVELOPMENTS

Resource update at Serra Alta

On August 4, 2021, the Company announced an updated mineral resource at the Serra Alta deposit within its Monte do Carmo gold project. This resource update integrated the successful results of the Phase 1 drilling program which was completed in April 2021. The highlights of the updated resource are as follows:

- Total Indicated Resource of 9,108,000 tonnes at 1.85 g/t Au, containing 541,000 oz Au
- Total Inferred Resource of 13,197,000 tonnes at 1.84 g/t Au, containing 780,000 oz Au
- Notable Increase in total Mineral Resource: 62% more gold ounces from previous estimate (December 2018)
- Higher Confidence level: 41% of metal in Indicated category

Serra Alta PEA

On August 23, 2021, the company announced the results of Preliminary Economic Assessment ("PEA") on the recently updated Mineral Resource Estimate for the Serra Alta (Previous Section). The results of the PEA demonstrate very robust economics with an after-tax NPV5% of \$617 million and IRR of 94.8%. The highlights of the PEA are as follow:

- Average annual gold production of 149,000 ozs over first 5 years and 131,000 ozs over 8 years
- Annual Average Free cash flow of US\$150 million over the first 5 years
- Total cumulative, after tax, free cash flow estimated US\$901 million over 8 years
- Average AISC of US\$431/oz over the first 5 years
- Low Initial Capex of US\$126 million (including US\$25 million contingency)
- Payback of 1.3 years
- Further upside potential from continued exploration drilling & resource expansion
- Development program including Feasibility Study to begin immediately

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Phase II Drilling program at Monte Do Carmo

On April 26, 2021 the Company began its Phase II drilling program of 14,000 metres at its Monte Do Carmo project in Brazil. Aside from infill drilling at Serra Alta, the Phase II program will commence exploration drilling on several of the highly prospective satellite targets along the corridor between Serra Alta and Capitaó as well as at Fatura, to the west, in order to better define the district potential of the Monte Do Carmo property. The Phase II program is expected to be completed in the second half of 2021 with the aim of further developing the understanding of the regional potential which the Company anticipates could add significant additional ounces over time via drilling of the numerous satellite deposits. As reported in a press release dated July 14, 2021, the Company has seen positive results from the early stages of the Phase II drilling program.

Minera Don Nicholas drilling program

The Company continues to report positive results of its 12,000 metre exploration drilling program in the mining friendly province of Santa Cruz. The project is comprised of several exploration concessions totalling 333,400 Ha's. The focus for the drilling program is twofold. First to delineate new, high grade, mineralized zones and increase the confidence of near surface mineralization in the proximity of Cerrado's mining operations that can rapidly be brought in to the mine plan and secondly to define the significant longer term resource growth potential. To date results continue to highlight numerous targets to follow up with further drilling and grow the resource base as outlined in the various drill results.

Trading on the OTCQX

On July 15, 2021 the Company announced that its common shares will commence trading under the symbol "CRDOF" on the OTCQX Best Market ("OTCQX"), a United States trading platform that is operated by the OTC Markets Group Inc. in New York. The Company's shares will continue to trade on the TSX Venture Exchange under the symbol CERT.

Executive Appointments

In June 2021 the Company announced that Dr. Sergio Gelcich, PGEO, has joined as Vice President of Exploration replacing Mr. Robert Campbell. Mr. Campbell will remain a Director of the Company.

In August 2021, the Company announced the appointment of Mr. Casper Groenewald to the Position of Chief Operating Officer and the appointment of Mr. Kurt Menchen as President and Country Manager of Brazilian operations.

Exploration

Minera Don Nicolas

On December 2, 2020, the Company filed a technical report entitled, "Independent Technical Report for the Minera Don Nicolás ("MDN") Gold Project, Santa Cruz, Argentina", supporting the updated Mineral Resource Estimate, and the first resource update since 2012 at MDN. The Technical Report dated September 25, 2020, has an effective date of August 31, 2020, and was prepared by SRK in accordance with NI 43-101 and Form 43-101F1.

Highlights from the Mineral Resource Estimate include:

- Resources are on an "as purchased" basis and do not include any additional ounces added by Cerrado Gold.
- M & I Resources of 1,126,200 tonnes grading 5.49 g/t Au, and 8.37 g/t Ag for 198,808 oz Au and 241,903 oz Ag.
- Inferred Resources of 4,663,700 tonnes grading 2.33 g/t Au and 4.78 g/t Ag for 348,693 oz Au and 320,118 oz Ag.
- Don Nicolás Operation consists of nine separate deposits and 12 high priority targets.
- The property contains numerous opportunities to expand resources and extend mine life via further drilling in surrounding areas such as the Baritina, Chulengo and Goleta areas, as well as drilling at depth for underground resources at Sulfuro Vein.
- Property encompasses over 272,000 hectares and is located within the highly prolific Deseado Massif region, home to several multi-million-ounce deposits including Cerro Vanguardia (Anglo Gold), Cerro Negro (Newmont), and Cerro Moro (Yamana).

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A summary of the updated Mineral Resource Estimate is set out in the table below:

Category	Tonnage	Grade		Metal	
		Au g/t	Ag g/t	Au oz	Ag oz
Open Pit** Cut-off 0.3 g/t gold					
Measured	249,400	4.32	5.50	34,668	44,100
Indicated	820,600	5.77	9.61	152,237	183,126
Measured and Indicated	1,070,000	5.43	8.39	186,905	227,226
Inferred	4,108,400	1.59	3.75	210,476	195,252
Underground** Cut-off 3.0 g/t gold					
Measured	0	0.00	0.00	0	0
Indicated	56,200	6.59	8.12	11,903	14,677
Measured and Indicated	56,200	6.59	8.12	11,903	14,677
Inferred	555,300	7.74	8.41	138,217	124,867
Combined Mining					
Measured	249,400	4.32	5.50	34,668	44,100
Indicated	876,800	5.82	9.48	164,140	197,803
Measured and Indicated	1,126,200	5.49	8.37	198,808	241,903
Inferred	4,663,700	2.33	4.78	348,693	320,118

Notes:

*Mineral resources are reported in relation to a conceptual pit shell. Mineral resources are not mineral reserves and do not have demonstrated economic viability. All figures are rounded to reflect the relative accuracy of the estimate. All composites have been capped where appropriate.

**Open pit mineral resources are reported at a cut-off grade of 0.3 g/t gold for the open pit portion and 3.0 g/t gold for the underground deposits. Cut-off grades are based on a price of \$1,550 per ounce of gold and gold recoveries of 95 percent at Martinetas and 88 percent at La Paloma, without considering revenues from other metals.

2021 Exploration

In Q1 2021, the Company commenced a 12,000-metre district exploration program to delineate new high grade mineralized zones and increase confidence, of near surface mineralization in the proximity of Cerrado's mining operations: La Paloma and Martinetas Pits.

During Q1 and Q2 2021 a total of 7466.50 meters were completed focusing on the areas within the Paloma area and the adjacent Paula-Andrea Area, including: Baritina, Chulengo, Atenea, Esperanza and Rocio. Results from the first target areas were released in May and June of this year.

Given that these target areas are close to the current, high grade, La Paloma mining area they were ranked as high priority to potentially add new resources that subsequently undergo economic evaluation by the mine team. The current program is in addition to RC drilling undertaken by the mine for infill and grade control to extend the current mining areas of La Paloma and Martinetas both along strike and at depth.

Drilling in the La Paloma adjacent areas was completed in July and subsequently the diamond rigs were mobilized to the Martinetas area. As is the case in La Paloma, drilling priorities in Martinetas will consider the proximity and economic viability of the different targets in the proximity of the Cerro Oro and Coyote Pits. The distribution of the footage of this year's program, for which the ultimate scope is to gain confidence on the extent and economics of the satellite structures, aims to keep the balance of the resource inventory between the two main operations that Cerrado currently mines.

Highlights of the drilling program completed in Q2 2020 include:

Chulengo

PA-D21-51

- 1.60 m Grading 5.13 g/t Au from 27.60 m

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PA-D21-57

- 6.00m grading 5.5g/t Au, starting from 48.80m o including 3.35m grading 8.98g/t Au, from 48.80m

PA-D21-62

- 2.65m grading 118.04g/t Au, starting from 15.65m o including 0.55m grading 565.98g/t Au, from 16.45m

PA-D21-63

- 7.10m grading 22.58g/t Au, starting from 33.05m o including 4.25m grading 37.08g/t Au, from 33.85m

PA-D21-65

- 14.63m grading 5.05g/t Au, starting from 1.10m o including 1.62m grading 31.60g/t Au, from 13.80m

Baritina

PA-D21-44

- 15.69m grading 7.8g/t Au, starting from 46.30m o including 10.95m grading 10.70g/t Au, from 52.00m

PA-D21-49

- 0.96 m grading 6.01 g/t Au starting from 39.15 m.
- 4.60 m grading 3.02 g/t Au starting from 109.00 m.

PA-D21-50

- 6.55 m grading 1.21 g/t Au starting from 122.65 m.

Antena

AN-D21-001

- 1.70 m grading 4.30 g/t Au starting from 84.05m

Esperanza

ESP-D21-49

- 4.60 m grading 3.02 g/t Au from 109. m

Minera Mariana

On January 22, 2021, the Company completed an agreement with Capella Minerals to acquire 100% of its Argentine subsidiary Minera Mariana Argentina. Under the terms of the agreement, the Company paid the purchase price consisting of an initial payment of \$50 thousand and \$1,769 (CAD\$2,250) by the issuance of 1,666,667 common shares of the Company to Capella Minerals at a deemed share price of CAD\$1.35, based on the price of the Company's shares in the concurrent financing associated with listing on the TSX Venture Exchange via the announced business combination between BB1 and the Company.

The principal assets owned by Minera Mariana include the Las Calandrias and Los Cisnes projects (together the "Projects"). The Projects are in the Santa Cruz province of Argentina. In total, the Projects consist of approximately 60,400 ha with the bulk of the land holdings on the property adjacent to Cerrado's MDN gold mine property.

The most advanced project at this time at Minera Mariana is the Las Calandrias gold and silver project, which borders the northern boundary of Cerrado's MDN property. The main focus of work to date on the Projects has been on the Calandria Sur and Calandria Norte deposits. These deposits are characterized as low to intermediate sulphidation, epithermal-precious-metal quartz vein and vein-breccia types.

On April 22, 2021, Cerrado filed a National Instrument 43-101 – Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects ("NI 43-101") compliant Technical Report and Mineral Resource Estimate by AGP Mining Consultants Inc. (AGP), titled "Las Calandrias Project Technical Report and Resource Estimate Santa Cruz Province, Argentina". The effective date for the Mineral Resource Estimate is February 17, 2021. The report highlights two zones of mineralization, namely La Calandria Sur and La Calandria Norte deposits. The Mineral Resources for the La Calandria Sur Deposit, within an optimized constraining shell, are: Indicated resources of 7.4 Mt grading 1.33 g/t Au and 24.65 g/t Ag; and Inferred resources of 1.7 Mt at 0.73 g/t Au and 7.17 g/t Ag. Contained gold is 318,000 Oz in Indicated Resources and 41,000 Oz in Inferred resources. The effective date of the La Calandria Sur Deposit Mineral Resources is 14 September 2018. The Mineral Resources for the La Calandria Norte Deposit, within an optimized constraining shell, at a 0.8 g/t Au cut-

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off grade are: Indicated resources of 604,000 t at 3.12 g/t Au and 8.20 g/t Ag; and Inferred resources of 19,000 t at 1.31 g/t Au and 0.69 g/t Ag. The Mineral Resources for the La Calandria Norte Deposit, below the optimized constraining shell, at a 1.5 g/t Au cut-off grade are: Indicated resources 131,000 t at 2.82 g/t Au and 6.30 g/t Ag; and Inferred resources of 2,000 t at 1.71 g/t Au and 2.01 g/t Ag. Contained gold is 61,000 Oz in Indicated Resources and 1,000 Oz in Inferred resources. The effective date of the La Calandria Norte Deposit Mineral Resources is September 14, 2018.

2021 Data Integration

In Q2 2021 the company completed an inhouse integration of the Las Calandrias South and Escondido deposits. The latter locates in MDN's adjacent concession and formerly known as Breccia Trend. The integrated model proves the continuity of the mineralization of Las Calandrias South to the Southeast with similar domaining including Oxide, Transition and Primary zones. The integrated resource will be validated by SRK and used as the base inventory for further economic studies of a Heap Leach operation.

Monte do Carmo Project

Phase 1 Drilling Program

The Company started its aggressive Phase 1 drill program in October 2020, which was completed in May 2021. Phase 1 drilling program included lateral and downdip step-out holes to extend the mineralized domains within the Micon 2018 pit outline and included infill drilling to upgrade a portion of the resource base to the Measured and Indicated resource categories focusing on the known Serra Alta deposit. The program consisted of 55 diamond drill holes totaling 18,998 meters. Assays for this phase were fully completed in June 2021.

Highlights of results reported this quarter included (true thickness).

FSA-115

- 4.43m at 9.31 g/t Au, from 21.30m

FSA-119

- 24.53m at 2.22 g/t Au, from 43.77m
 - including 6.60m at 4.71g/t Au from 52.29m.
- 13.86m at 2.01 g/t Au, from 247.84m
 - including 3.16m at 6.95g/t Au from 247.84m.

FSA-131

- 15.54 m at 2.39 g/t Au, from 135.21 m
 - Including 2 m at 11.49 g/t Au from 139.78 m
- 4.96 m at 11.73 g/t Au from 176.96 m
 - Including 1.96 m at 26.73 m from 179.07 m
- 23.46 m at 3.38 g/t Au from 398.51 m

FSA-132

- 2.23m at 10.38 g/t Au, from 55.96m
- 14.82m at 1.82 g/t Au from 102.57m.
- 27.74m at 2.19 g/t Au, from 153.31m
 - including 1.05m at 23.09g/t Au from 153.31m.
- 15.50m at 2.85 g/t Au from 193.35m.
 - 4.15m at 7.15g/t Au from 204.70m.

FSA-137

- 23.30m at 1.89 g/t Au, from 258.45m.
- 9.49m at 14.60 g/t Au from 323.80m.
 - Including 0.94m at 107.77g/t Au from 325.88m.

FSA-141

- 9.64m at 4.12 g/t Au, from 76.65m.
 - Including 2.15m at 14.92g/t Au from 76.65m.
- 35.08m at 1.81g/t Au from 111.31m.

FSA-142

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- 10.24m at 9.34 g/t Au, from 195.70m.
 - Including 5.18m at 17.28g/t Au from 197.80m.

FSA-145

- 19.00m at 1.90 g/t Au, from 87.05m.
 - Including 0.99m at 12.20g/t Au from 87.05m

FSA-140

- 22.62m at 3.71 g/t Au, from 332.58 m
- 4.23m at 17.22 g/t Au, from 349.87 m

FSA-146

- 18.80 m at 3.45 g/t Au, from 91.60 m
 - including 1.06m at 23.69g/t Au from 96.83 m
 - and 4.13 m at 7.05 g/t Au from 101.21 m

Resource Update

The new drilling completed by Cerrado between October 2020 and April was the basis for the July 2021 resource update. The new drilling focused on extension of the resource, mainly following the lateral extent of the high-grade mineralized zones and on increasing the confidence of the existing inventory Total Drilling meterage included in the updated resource (Phase 1 + previous drilling) estimate is 40,501 m.

Most of the drilling completed in Phase 1 was done through low angle holes dipping (between 30- and 35-degrees dip) crossing perpendicularly the mineralized trends. Low angle holes allowed detailed refinement of the high-grade domain model in the different zones in the deposit, allowing additionally, the ability to target proximal zones to intrusive contacts that are the first order control in gold endowment and quartz vein density.

Results were immediately integrated into the Serra Alta inhouse model, refining High Grade mineralized domains and a new tonnage/grade estimation. The inhouse model was reviewed and validated by Micon, International Inc. defining a new resource statement effective July 23, 2021.

The Sierra Alta July 2021 estimate highlights are.

- Total Indicated Resources of 9,108,000 tonnes at 1.85 g/t Au, containing 541,000 oz Au
- Total Inferred Resource of 13,197,000 tonnes at 1.84 g/t Au, containing 780,000 oz Au
- Notable Increase in total Mineral Resource: 62% more gold ounces from previous estimate (December 2018)
- Higher Confidence level: 41% of metal in Indicated category
- Over 99 % of the gold in the Indicated Resources category is included in the constraining pit shell, the other 0.4% is considered underground
- Over 90.5% of the Inferred Resource is included in pit shell, the other 9.2% is considered underground
- Excellent conversion rate of previous Inferred Resource into indicated confirms sound domaining and interpolation strategy
- Confirmation of Serra Alta as the anchor deposit of the district, as exploration continues
- Potential for replicating mineral endowed zones like Serra Alta or individual blocks within Serra Alta on regional scale remains high from Cerrado perspective

Serra Alta Mineral Resource Statement – Effective Date July 21, 2021

Mining Method	Cut-off Grade (g/t Au)	Resource Category	Tonnage (kt)	Avg. Au Grade (g/t)	Metal Content (koz)
Open Pit	0.30	Indicated	9,063	1.85	539
		Inferred	12,128	1.82	708
Underground	1.10	Indicated	45	1.66	2
		Inferred	1,069	2.10	72

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OP + UG	Indicated	9,108	1.85	541
	Inferred	13,197	1.84	780

Estimate Notes:

1. Mineral resources were estimated by Mr. B. Terrence Hennessey, P.Geo. and Mr. Alan J. San Martin, MAusIMM (CP) of Micon International Limited. ("Micon"), a Toronto based consulting company, independent of Cerrado Gold. Both Mr. Hennessey and Mr. San Martin meet the requirements of a "Qualified Person" as established by the Canadian Institute of Mining, Metallurgy and Petroleum (CIM) Definition Standards for Mineral Resources and Mineral Reserves (May 2014) ("the CIM Standards").
2. Mineral resources are not mineral reserves and therefore do not have demonstrated economic viability.
3. The Serra Alta estimate has been completed entirely using Leapfrog Geo – EDGE software.
4. The estimate is based on a long-term gold price of US\$ 1,600 per ounce and economic cut-off grades 0.30 g/t Au (Open Pit) and 1.10 g/t (Underground).
5. Open Pit constrained resources are reported within an optimized pit shell; underground resources are reported within continuous and contiguous shapes which lie adjacent to and below the ultimate open pit shell and interpreted to be recoverable utilizing standard underground mining methods.
6. The mineral resource estimate has an effective date of July 21, 2021.
7. The Serra Alta gold deposit was modelled by Cerrado using a wireframe constructed based on a 0.1 g/t Au cut-off grade and a few vein interpretations.
8. Rock density was assigned to different lithologies based on the geological and mineralization models, using calculated average values of 2.624 g/cm³ in granite, 2.65 g/cm³ in volcanics and 2.60 g/cm³ inside mineralization wireframes.
9. Grade capping was used to control the influence of outliers in the estimate, raw assays were composited to 1.0 m and then assessed for capping. Grade capping used throughout the deposit was 45 g/t Au for the main broad envelope and 8.0 g/t Au for the interpreted veins.
10. The block model gold grades were estimated using the Ordinary Kriging interpolation method with searching parameters derived from geostatistical analysis performed within the mineralization wireframes. Variogram ranges go from 90 m to 150 m in the major axis.
11. The estimate assumes a metallurgical recovery of 98.5% gold, based on completed test-work to date.
12. The estimate assumes the following costs: Mining (Pit) US\$ 2.00/t, Mining (Pit Waste) US\$ 1.70/t, Mining (Underground) US\$ 40.00/t, Processing US\$10.78/t, and G&A of US\$ 2.00/t.
13. The pit constrained resource is reported within an optimized pit shell that assumed a maximum slope angle of 55 degrees. Open pit mining recovery was assumed to be 100%. Open pit dilution was assumed to be 0%. Underground mining recovery was assumed to be 100%. Underground dilution was assumed to be 0%.
14. Micon has not identified any legal, political, environmental, or other risks that could materially affect the potential development of the mineral resource estimate.
15. The mineral resource estimates are classified according to the CIM Standards which define a Mineral Resource as "a concentration or occurrence of solid material of economic interest in or on the earth's crust in such form, grade or quality and quantity that there are reasonable prospects for eventual economic extraction. The location, quantity, grade or quality, continuity and other characteristics of a mineral resource are known, estimated, or interpreted from specific geological evidence and knowledge including sampling.
16. The mineral resource was categorized based on the geological confidence of the deposit into inferred and indicated categories. An inferred mineral resource has the lowest level of confidence. An indicated mineral resource has a higher level of confidence than an inferred mineral resource. It is reasonably expected that the portions of the inferred mineral resources could be upgraded to indicated mineral resources with additional infill drilling.
17. All procedures, methodologies and key assumptions supporting this mineral resource estimate are included in a NI 43-101F1 Technical Report which will be available at www.sedar.com.

The most significant extension of the new resource materialized in the East Zone, (former N2 domain in the 2019 Technical Report). New drilling provided the basis for higher tonnage and grade, ultimately increasing an original 420,000 Oz of inferred Resource to 479,000 oz Au of Indicated Resource and 339,000 oz of Inferred Resource.

The increase in tonnage reflects the lateral continuity of the High-Grade domain to the East (currently 500m lateral extent is recognized). The increase in grade is explained by better coverage over the intrusive contact buffer zone that is believed to be one of the main primary controls on vein density and gold endowment. Figure 2 shows a cross section along the East Zone, showing the new model High Grade domain and discrete veins jointly with the drill pattern (low angle holes) that allowed better modeling and lateral extent exploration. These veins are similar to the parallel veins that form the High-Grade domain (quartz associated with gold and sulphides) but occur as single continuous trends, extending from 100 m to 300 m along strike with true thickness varying from 1 to 10 meters.

Preliminary Economic Assessment

On August 21, 2021, Cerrado announced the results of Preliminary Economic Assessment ("PEA") on the recently updated Mineral Resource Estimate for the Serra Alta (Previous Section). The results of the PEA demonstrate very

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robust economics with an after-tax NPV5% of \$617 million and IRR of 94.8%. Project economics are based on a potential 8-year mine life with a 1.3-year payback period, with positive after-tax cash flow commencing in Year 1. The final PEA Technical Report completed by GE21 Consultoria Mineral Ltda ("GE21"), in accordance with NI 43-101, will be filled within 45 days of the August 23 disclosure.

Highlights of the PEA include:

- Average annual gold production of 149,000 ozs over first 5 years and 131,000 ozs over 8 years
- Annual Average Free cash flow of US\$150 million over the first 5 years
- Total cumulative, after tax, free cash flow estimated US\$901 million over 8 years
- Average AISC of US\$431/oz over the first 5 years
- Low Initial Capex of US\$126 million (including US\$25 million contingency)
- Payback of 1.3 years
- Further upside potential from continued exploration drilling & resource expansion
- Development program including Feasibility Study to begin immediately

PEA summary

PEA Summary Table		2021
<i>All Figures in US\$ unless otherwise noted</i>		
NPI @ 5% After Tax	\$ millions	\$617
IRR After Tax	%	94.8%
Long Term Gold Price (US\$/troy oz.)	US\$/oz Au	\$1,600
Initial Capex	\$ millions	\$126
Life of Mine	years	8
Payback time (years)	years	1.3
LOM average annual production	koz	131.0
LOM annual tonned mined	MM tonnes	2.600
Opex	\$/t	\$33.04
Avg Cash Cost	US\$/oz Au	\$583
Avg LOM AISC	US\$/oz Au	\$612
Sustaining LOM Capital	\$ millions	13.5
LOM Stripping Ratio	waste:ore	10.9:1
Royalties	%	1%
Mine Closure	\$ millions	\$16.78

Metallurgy Results

Cerrado completed additional metallurgical test that in bulk sample of 300 kg, confirming the recoverability of gold by gravity concentration and tailing flotation followed by CIP leaching of float concentrate. The results of the test work, that are included in the PEA, reveal recoveries up to 98.5% of which approximately 79% is recovered by gravity. The final leached tailings will be submitted to detox circuit before sending it to final disposal. The high percentage of gold recovered by gravity allows for a simple design layout with limited CIP leaching capacity required, which significantly reduces up front capital requirements. Metallurgical test work also indicates that the waste rock and detoxed tailings are neutral by nature, which points to very amenable disposal of mineral residues making it easier to deploy environmentally and more affordable

Ongoing Exploration

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Phase 2 ongoing drilling program

After the completion of Phase 1 the company started a district focused drill (14,0000) program named Phase 2 in late May targeting further extensional areas in Serra Alta and is also targeting adjacent satellite deposits aiming to better define the district potential.

Highlight of the first batches of phase 2, all from holes targeting extension potential in Serra Alta includes:

FSA-148

- 8.28 m at 3.40 g/t Au, from 71.00 m

FSA-149

- 6.96 m at 2.75 g/t Au, from 394.88 m
 - Including 1.99 m at 11.85 g/t Au from 394.88 m

FSA-150

- 4.43m at 3.81 g/t Au, from 346.40 m
- 4.23m at 17.22 g/t Au, from 349.87 m

FSA-151

- 5.84 m at 6.00 g/t Au, from 189.04 m
 - including 2.93m at 10.16g/t Au from 191.0 m
- 10.77 m at 2.83 /t Au, from 205.60 m

FSA-157

- 5.47 m at 12.51 g/t Au, from 464.99 m

FSA-159

- 41.65 m at 1.62 g/t Au, from 69.75m
 - including 11.33m at 6.86g/t Au from 70.78 m

The Phase 2 program component, outside Serra Alta, commenced in July in the Capitao and Fartura Targets. Additional regional targets within 5 km distance to Serra Alta like: Ferradura, Bit 3, Baru, Giant Veins and El Dorado will be included in this drilling phase following targeting refinement after field work results (mapping, structural inversions, geochemistry, etc.).

Capitao Drilling

The Capitao Target is located 6 km to the south of Serra Alta along the same granite complex contact zone. Four holes (FCP-001 to 004) were completed by early July, two of them carrying visible gold. Capitao mineralization, as observed in drill core, shows remarkable resemblance with the Serra Alta granite intrusion hosted quartz/gold. Mineralized granite areas in Capitao are also proximal to the intrusive contacts with equivalent quartzite and Devonian horizontal sediment. The area between Capitao and Serra Alta, along the mentioned contact zone, is characterized by a few other targets including Sucuri and El Dorado where current exploration efforts include trenching, mapping, and geochemical soils sampling. Follow up drilling is planned subject to the results of the current work programs. El Dorado has the potential to extend Serra Alta to the Southwest as it is directly along strike.

Fartura Drilling

The Fartura Target is located 2 km to the northwest of Serra Alta, also sitting along the granite complex contact zone. Two holes (FFA-001 to 002) were completed by early July; assays are pending. Core Logging and revised surface geological mapping confirmed that the host rock of the shallow mineralization (mined informally on surface) in Fartura is a porphyritic felsic volcanic. The two completed holes show intervals with visible gold along corridor of ~ 100 m strike length.

The fact that relevant quartz veining and visible gold is found in felsic volcanic is very encouraging as the intensity of mineralization is expected to increase in underlying granitic rock. Additional drilling will target a possible contact zone underneath the felsic volcanic, following the Serra Alta model that has demonstrated that better grades and continuity are expected in the more permissive granitic rock, especially in proximal intrusive contact zones.

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OUTLOOK

In Argentina, Cerrado remains focused on continued operational improvement initiatives at MDN to increase efficiencies and enhance production. The company anticipates the improved ore grades seen in the first half of the year to continue to improve going forward. At the operational level the focus remains on enhanced dilution control activities, tightening in pit ore control processes to further increase the average head-grades delivered to the mill and improve recovery rates while sustaining mill throughput rate at 1,000 tpd or higher. The Company has seen recent results where the mill sustains throughput rates around 1,200 tpd. These initiatives are expected to provide significant short-term benefits with very limited capital expenditure and ultimately support the investment thesis for the acquisition of the operation. Over the course of 2021 the Company expects the ongoing operational improvements to result in a steady increase in ore grade through the mill, supporting higher quarterly production rates to achieve a production target between 45,000 – 50,000 ozs of gold.

With the success of the Mineral Resource Estimate update at MDN and the commencement of exploration activities at the project, management remains focused on and excited for the significant exploration potential it believes exists at the property to extend the mine life through the identification of additional mineralization in current open pit mining areas as well as underground.

The company is also working to complete the study to review the potential to develop a heap leaching operation near the Las Calandrias and Escondido deposits. The study is now expected to be completed in Q3/21 and is expected to support the development of a mobile crushing and elution circuit such that it can be moved to additional deposits in the future as new resources are defined. In addition, low grade ores will be targeted for heap leaching, allowing for more high grade material to be processed in the milling circuit to enhance the overall operations. The company anticipates that this program could see a further 25,000-30,000 ozs of annual gold production.

Exploration work remains ongoing to focus on growing the known resources at MDN beyond those outlined in the Mineral Resource Estimate reported February 17, 2021. Focus remains on drilling high grade near surface targets that can readily be brought into the mine plan as well as the continued regional program to better understand the potential of the significant land package at MDN.

Current operations at MDN have been limited to open pit operations where most mines in the region have evolved from open pit to underground. Cerrado also plans to investigate the potential to move to some targeted underground operations in the future.

In Brazil, the Company made significant headway in H1/21 with the completion of its Phase I drilling program (see news release dated April 22, 2021), and the commencement of its current 14,000 metre Phase II drill program at the Serra Alta deposit at MDC (see news release dated April 29, 2021). Based upon the results of the Phase 1 drilling program on August 4, 2021 the company reported an updated Mineral Resource Estimate for the Serra Alta deposit with a total Indicated Resource of 9,108,000 tonnes at 1.85 g/t Au, containing 541,000 oz Au and a further total Inferred Resource of 13,197,000 tonnes at 1.84 g/t Au, containing 780,000 oz Au. (See press release date August 4, 2021 for more details). This newly expanded resource base is being used in the ongoing Preliminary Economic Assessment being completed on the project which is expected to be completed in the near future. Drilling remains ongoing to further expand Serra Alta and to develop the numerous satellite targets in the region to expand the overall resource potential on the Monte Do Carmo project.

The company also is progressing in its EIS studies aiming for a full report by April 2022 to be filed at the local state of Tocantins environmental agency (NATURATINS). Subsequent to receiving approval from NATURATINS, public hearings will be held with the local community followed by expected approval to apply for the LI (License of Installation/Construction).

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DISCUSSION OF OPERATIONS

The following table provides a summary of the Company's key operating information and statistics for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020. The figures below do not include results from the Don Nicolas mine for the period from acquisition date of March 16, 2020, to March 31, 2020, as there was minimum production and no sales were completed during this 15-day period.

Selected Operating and Financial Information

Key Operating Information	Unit	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
		June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Operating Data					
Ore Mined	ktonnes	102.26	57.56	177.67	59.65
Waste Mined	ktonnes	1,323.45	841.14	2,591.18	862.51
Total Mined	ktonnes	1,466.76	917.08	2,859.63	940.53
Strip Ratio	waste/ore	12.94	14.61	14.58	14.46
Mining rate	ktpd	16.12	10.08	16.25	9.31
Ore Milled	ktonnes	106.60	77.75	201.18	80.82
Head Grade Au	g/t	2.97	2.52	2.79	2.46
Head Grade Ag	g/t	10.91	5.92	9.54	5.70
Recovery Au	%	87%	91%	89%	91%
Recovery Ag	%	57%	60%	58%	60%
Mill Throughput	tpd	1,171	854	1,143	834
Gold Ounces Produced	oz	9,607	6,865	17,091	6,865
Silver Ounces Produced	oz	22,388	10,938	37,918	10,938
Gold Ounces Sold	oz	9,744	5,486	16,328	5,486
Silver Ounces Sold	oz	21,881	8,627	35,989	8,627
Average realized price and Average realized margin					
Metal Sales	\$ 000's	17,858	9,364	29,021	9,364
Cost of Sales	\$ 000's	15,810	8,054	26,941	8,054
Gross Margin from Mining Operations	\$ 000's	2,048	1,310	2,080	1,310
Average realized price per gold ounce sold	(1) \$/oz	1,773	1,682	1,719	1,682
Total Cash Cost per gold ounce sold	(1) \$/oz	1,219	1,020	1,277	1,020
Average realized margin per gold ounce sold	(1) \$/oz	555	661	442	661
Total Cash Costs	(1) \$ 000's	\$11,873	\$5,598	\$20,850	\$5,598
Total cash costs per ounce sold	(1) \$/oz	\$1,219	\$1,020	\$1,277	\$1,020
AISC - Minera Don Nicolas	(1) \$/oz	\$1,542	\$1,396	\$1,624	\$1,404
Financial					
Total revenue	\$ 000's	17,858	9,364	29,021	9,364
Mine operating expenses	\$ 000's	15,810	8,054	26,941	8,054
Income (loss) from mining operations	\$ 000's	2,048	1,310	2,080	1,310
Net income (loss)	\$ 000's	(1,765)	(2,712)	(7,437)	(5,487)
Adjusted EBITDA	(1) \$ 000's	1,752	2,402	796	(217)
Operating cash flow before movements in working capital	(1) \$ 000's	1,217	2,001	(491)	14,572
Operating cash flow	\$ 000's	1,969	(1,102)	284	14,332
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 000's	6,908	2,664	6,908	2,664
Working capital surplus (deficiency)	\$ 000's	(2,900)	(2,442)	(2,900)	(2,442)
Capital Expenditures	\$ 000's	2,083	1,470	4,555	1,470
(1)	This is a non-IFRS performance measure, see non-IFRS Performance Measures				
(*)	Does not include key operating information and statistics for the period from March 16, 2020 to March 31, 2020 at Minera Don Nicolas				

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Selected Financial Information

The Company's business, operations and financial condition have been significantly adversely affected by COVID-19. Actions taken to reduce the spread of COVID-19 have resulted in volatility and disruptions in regular business operations, supply chains and financial markets.

The extent to which Cerrado's operational and financial results are affected by COVID-19 will also depend on additional actions taken by business and governments in response to the pandemic and the speed and effectiveness of responses to combat the virus. The Company continues to carefully monitor the evolving situation of the COVID-19 pandemic. The safety and protection of its staff remains a top priority. Additional information regarding risk factors including, but not limited to, business risks is available in our Annual Information Form, a copy of which may be accessed through the SEDAR website (www.sedar.com).

The Company recognizes revenue from provisional invoicing once all the performance obligations have been fulfilled and control is transferred to the customer. Final metal pricing occurs according to the quotational period stated in the offtake agreement and changes in metal prices during the quotational period may have a significant impact on the financial results of the Company.

Operational Performance

Minera Don Nicolas

MDN is a remote mining operation with a self-sustaining camp facility. Results in 2021 continued to be impacted by various COVID-19 restrictions and by a government mandated shutdown over the holiday period that resulted in the loss of 10 operating days in January. Thereafter, operational results continued to improve as some restrictions were lifted allowing for a full complement of employees to be housed at site. While mining and processing operations have started to return back to normal operations, due to previous restrictions, additional stripping was needed to access additional high-grade ore. As such some low-grade stockpiles have been processed to maintain full mill capacity. This catch-up phase has now been achieved with higher ore grades achieved in the second quarter of 2021.

Cerrado has maintained tight onsite protocol to ensure smooth operations, restricting entry and exit from the site without a proper medical affidavit and quarantine period if needed. The mine continues to use thermal body cameras as a way to detect early COVID-19 symptoms to limit any possible spread. All required COVID-19 protocols remain in place including travel restrictions, limiting mine site access to essential personnel only, enforced physical distancing and other safety precautions, enhanced cleaning and sanitizing, using extra protective gear and remote work policies where possible.

While stringent restrictions put in place by the Argentine government in response to the COVID-19 pandemic have started to decline they continue to limit Cerrado's ability to fully implement various operational changes that are planned to see improved operational performance going forward such as increased ore sampling, a focus on grade control and reduced mining dilution. Cerrado continues to focus on bringing an increased focus to the mine's operational performance as restrictions are lifted and access to the site improves allowing for additional operational upgrades to be implemented.

Despite these headwinds, the Company has proved successful in ensuring its ability to continue operating effectively despite the COVID-19 effects and the additional cost and time to implement enhanced health and safety protocols, and occasional workforce restrictions. MDN is the only mine in Argentina that did not stop operating since the start of the epidemic with COVID related issues. Metal production at MDN continued to improve in the second quarter of 2021 with 9,607 ounces of gold and 21,881 ounces of silver produced in the three months ended June 30, 2021. This represents a 28% increase over the 7,485 ounces of gold produced in the first quarter of 2021 and a 41% increase over the 15,531 ounces of silver produced in the first quarter of 2021. Milled throughput for the second quarter was 1,172 tonnes per day ("tpd"), up 5% from 1,113 tpd in first quarter of 2021. Gold head grade was 2.97 g/t and the silver head grade was 10.91 g/t in the second quarter of 2021, compared to gold head grade of 2.59 g/t and silver head grade of 8.00 g/t achieved in the first quarter of 2021.

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Financial Performance

Minera Don Nicolas

Six months ended June 30, 2021

The Company produced 17,091 ounces of gold and 37,918 ounces of silver during the six months ended June 30, 2021, as compared to 6,865 ounces of gold and 10,938 ounces of silver in the six months ended 2020. Production is significantly higher in the six months ended June 30, 2021, primarily due to the fact that the Company only acquired MDN on March 16, 2020. Additionally, gold head grade was 13% higher and silver grade was 67% higher in the current period as compared to the six months ended June 30, 2020. Finally, throughput rate of 1,143 tonnes per day in the six months ended June 30, 2020, was 37% higher than the six months ended June 30, 2020.

The Company generated revenue of \$29.0 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021, from the sale of 16,328 ounces of gold and 35,989 ounces of silver at an average realized price per gold ounce sold of \$1,719. For the six months ended June 30, 2020, the Company generated revenue of \$9.4 million from the sale of 5,486 ounces of gold and 8,627 ounces of silver. Revenue and sale of gold and silver for the current period is significantly higher than the six months ended June 30, 2020 due to the higher realized gold and silver prices, higher grades and throughput as well as the Company only acquiring MDN on March 16, 2020.

Cost of sales for the six months ended June 30, 2021, were \$21.8 million as compared to \$5.7 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020. The Company acquired MDN on March 16, 2020 and as a result recorded \$nil costs of sales in the first quarter of 2020 as compared to \$11.1 million in the first three months of 2021. Additionally, due to significantly higher tonnes mined and milled in the second quarter of 2021 as compared to the second quarter of 2020, the Company incurred \$6.7 million higher production costs.

Cash Operating Costs per ounce sold was \$1,277 per ounce in the six months ended June 30, 2021 as compared to \$1,020 per ounce in the six months ended June 30, 2020 a \$257 per ounce increase. The increase is primarily a result of higher labour costs required to maintain production levels as a result of COVID-19 protocols, additional costs to maintain COVID-19 protocols and higher fleet costs relating to stripping and haulage in order to position the mine for improved performance in the second half of 2021.

Net loss for the six months ended June 30, 2021 was \$7.4 million as compared to \$5.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2020. The increase in net loss is primarily a result of a one-time listing fee expense of \$1.5 million incurred as part of the RTO transaction in 2021 as well as higher accretion expenses of both future consideration payable and deferred revenue.

The Company incurred general and administrative expenses of \$4.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2021, consistent with the \$4.1 million of general and administrative expenses incurred during the six months ended June 30, 2020. During the six months ended June 30, 2021 the Company had increases in salaries and wages of \$0.6 million, consulting fees of \$0.5 million and professional fees of \$0.2 million which were offset by a decrease of \$1.5 million in share-based compensation expense. The increase in salaries, consulting and professional fee expenses were largely the result of an increase in corporate activities related to the acquisition of MDN increasing overall staffing requirements.

Other expenses incurred of \$4.7 million during the six months ended June 30, 2021 include \$1.5 million in non-cash listing fees related to the February 2020, RTO transaction and non-cash finance costs of \$1.4 million related to accretion of future consideration payable and \$1.3 million related to accretion of deferred revenue.

Three months ended June 30, 2021 ("Q2/21")

The Company produced 9,607 ounces of gold and 22,388 ounces of silver during the three months ended June 30, 2021, as compared to 6,865 ounces of gold and 10,938 ounces of silver in the three months ended 2020. Production is 40% higher in the three months ended June 30, 2021 due to more tonnes mined, higher throughput and higher grade, offset slightly by lower recovery. Production during the three months ended June 30, 2020 was significantly impacted by COVID-19 restrictions which resulted in labour shortages, reduced mining rates and the processing of lower grade stockpiles.

The Company generated revenue of \$17.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021, from the sale of 9,744 ounces of gold and 21,881 ounces of silver at an average realized price per gold ounce sold of \$1,773. For the three

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months ended June 30, 2020, the Company generated revenue of \$9.4 million from the sale of 5,486 ounces of gold and 8,627 ounces of silver. Revenue and sales of gold and silver for the current period is significantly higher than the three months ended June 30, 2020 due to the higher realized gold and silver prices, higher mining rate, higher grades and higher throughput. Production during the three months ended June 30, 2020 was significantly impacted by COVID-19 restrictions as noted previously.

Cost of sales for the three months ended June 30, 2021, were \$15.8 million as compared to \$8.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020. Production costs increased by \$6.7 million primarily as a result of significantly higher tonnes mined and milled in the second quarter of 2021 as compared to the second quarter of 2020. Similarly, sales expenses and royalties also increased by \$0.6 million due to higher ounces sold from the increased tonnage milled.

Cash Operating Costs per ounce sold was \$1,219 per ounce in the three months ended June 30, 2021 as compared to \$1,020 per ounce in the three months ended June 30, 2020 a \$199 per ounce increase. The increase is primarily a result of higher labour costs required to maintain production levels as a result of COVID-19 protocols, additional costs to maintain COVID-19 protocols and higher fleet costs relating to stripping and haulage. Costs are expected to decline in the second half of 2021 from reduced stripping and the processing of higher grade ore.

Net loss for the three months ended June 30, 2021, was \$1.8 million as compared to \$2.7 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020. The decrease in net loss is primarily a result of an increase in mine operating margin of \$0.7 million and a decrease in general and administrative expenses of \$1.1 million, offset by an increase of other expense by \$0.9 million.

The Company incurred general and administrative expenses of \$1.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2021, a \$1.1 million decrease compared to the general and administrative expenses incurred during the three months ended June 30, 2020. During the three months ended June 30, 2021, the Company had increases in salaries and wages of \$0.2 million, consulting fees of \$0.1 million which were offset by a decrease of \$1.6 million in share-based compensation expense. The increase in salaries and consulting fee expenses were largely the result of an increase in corporate activities related to the acquisition of MDN.

Other expense (income) incurred of \$0.2 million during the three months ended June 30, 2021 was \$0.9 million higher than the other income recorded of \$0.8 million recorded during the three months ended June 30, 2020. During the three months ended June 30, 2020, short term investments of the company were sold, a contingency provision was reversed, and the application of accelerated sales tax recovery all resulted in one-time gains recorded in other income in the prior period.

Adjusted EBITDA for Q2/21 was \$1.8 million compared to \$2.4 million in Q2/20, and \$1.0 million loss in Q1/21.

Basic and diluted loss per share for the three months ended June 30, 2021 was \$0.02, compared to the basic and diluted loss per share of \$0.06 for the three months ended June 30, 2020.

As the Company continues to implement the first phase of operational improvements at the mine, the increased production combined with head-grade improvements is expected to substantially improve the Company's profitability through higher production levels combined with higher grade ore and improved dilution controls. Current regulations in place by the Argentine government in relation to the COVID-19 pandemic restrict the required labour to operate the mine efficiently and effectively hindering anticipated normal production levels. These regulations are expected to remain in place during the following quarter.

LIQUIDITY & CAPITAL RESOURCES

As at June 30, 2021, the Company had an accumulated deficit of \$24.8 million, an increase from \$7.4 million at December 31, 2020, which has been funded primarily by the issuance of equity.

The Company's cash and cash equivalents balance at June 30, 2021 was \$6.9 million. This is an increase from the last stated cash and cash equivalents balance of \$6.6 million at December 31, 2020. The Company's liquidity position is, however, sensitive to a number of variables which cannot be predicted with certainty, including, but not limited to, meeting increased production targets, metal prices, foreign exchange rates, operational costs, and capital expenditures. If the Company's cash flow from operations is not sufficient to satisfy its requirements, there can be no assurance that additional debt or equity financing will be available to meet these requirements or available on terms acceptable to Cerrado. Management expects that the Company's existing cash at June 30, 2021 together with cash

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from MDN operations will be sufficient to fund cash requirements in the ordinary course of business for a period of at least twelve months.

Working capital deficit at June 30, 2021 was \$2.9 million. Working capital is expected to improve as the Company is able to increase cash from operations as operational efficiencies are implemented and throughput rates are improved at MDN and per unit costs are reduced.

Cash Flows

The Company's cash balance increased to \$6.9 million from \$6.6 million at December 31, 2020.

Operating activities

Cash provided by operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2021 was \$0.3 million.

Cash provided by operating activities during the three months ended June 30, 2021 of \$2.0 million compared to cash used in operating activities of \$1.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2020. Improved cash flows from operating activities reflect the higher mining and throughput rates and higher head grades achieved by the Company in the three months ended June 30, 2021, which resulted in higher production and metal sales.

Investing activities

Cash used in investing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2021 was \$7.0 million and consisted primarily of additions to exploration and evaluation assets of \$5.8 million and additions to plant and equipment of \$1.3 million, compared to \$15.8 million in prior year period which consisted of the net cash payment of \$14.4 million made by Cerrado as part of the Minera Don Nicolas S.A acquisition that closed on March 16, 2020.

Cash used in investing activities during the three months ended June 20, 2021 was \$4.1 million and primarily consisted of additions to exploration assets of \$3.3 million, compared to \$2.0 million of cash used in investing activities for the prior year period which primarily consisted of additions to plant and equipment of \$1.5 million.

Financing activities

Cash provided by financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2021 was \$9.5 million and consisted primarily of proceeds from private placements of \$11.0 million, offset by net repayments of the revolving facility of \$21.1 million. Cash provided by financing activities in the six months ended June 30, 2021 were \$4.1 million which consisted primarily of net revolving facility drawdowns of \$3.7 million and \$1.0 million in proceeds from private placements.

Cash used in financing activities during the three months ended June 30, 2021 was \$2.4 million and consisted primarily of revolving facility repayments of \$2.3 million, compared to cash used in financing activities of \$1.7 million in the prior year period which consisted primarily of revolving facility repayments of \$1.3 million.

The Company's cash and liquidity position is, however, sensitive to a number of variables which cannot be predicted with certainty, including, but not limited to, meeting production targets, metal prices, foreign exchange rates, operational costs, capital expenditures and the success of the above noted operational initiatives. If the Company's cash flow from operations is not sufficient to satisfy its requirements, there can be no assurance that additional debt or equity financing will be available to meet these requirements or available on terms acceptable to Cerrado. The Company's objective when managing capital is to maintain its ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders.

The Company is dependent on external financing to fund its mineral exploration and evaluation activities. In order to carry out the planned exploration and pay for administrative costs, the Company will spend its existing working capital and raise additional amounts as needed. The Company will continue to assess new properties and seek to acquire an interest in additional properties if it feels there is sufficient geologic or economic potential and if it has adequate financial resources to do so.

Commitments and Contingencies

There are three royalty agreements that apply to the Company's Don Nicolás Mine, described as follows:

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(i) A royalty payable to the province of Santa Cruz in the amount up to 3% of the metal value extracted from the mine. The value of the royalty is calculated based on the market value of metals contained in the commercial production from the mine, less the direct and/or operating costs required to commercialize the metals, not including any financial costs, amortization expense or any profit distribution.

(ii) A 2% royalty on the refined product, payable to Royal Gold Inc. based on a royalty agreement enacted and updated on August 16, 2013. The royalty is applicable to all areas of the Company and its properties which are currently under production. The obligations under this royalty agreement are backed by a first mortgage granted to Royal Gold on a number of the Company's mineral properties owned in the province of Santa Cruz, named as follows: Syrah, La Paloma I, Micro I, Micro II, Mar III, Mar IV, Gol I, Gol II, Armadillo, Dorcón 3, Dorcón 4, Estrella I and Estrella II.

(iii) A royalty of \$3 per gold ounce, to a maximum of \$2.0 million payable to Sandstorm Gold Limited based on an agreement executed on February 28, 2006. This royalty is applicable to all areas of the Company and its properties which are currently under production.

As at June 30, 2021, the Company did not have any material provisions for litigation claims or regulatory assessments. Further, the Company does not believe claims or regulatory assessments, for which no provision has been recorded, will have a material impact on the financial position of the Company.

As at June 30, 2021, the Company had the following undiscounted contractual commitments.

(Expressed in \$000's)

	Payments due by period			Total
	<1 years	1-5 years	5> years	
Trade and other payables	\$ 18,486	-	-	18,486
Operating commitments (i)	\$ 188	-	-	188
Lease obligations (i)	\$ 374	117	-	491
MDN acquisition payments (i)	\$ -	32,000	-	32,000
Revolving prepayment facility (i)	\$ 5,260	-	-	5,260
Environmental rehabilitation provision (i)	\$ 175	-	3,563	3,738
	\$ 24,483	32,117	3,563	60,163

(i) Reported on an undiscounted basis

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common and preferred shares, where each common share provides the holder with one vote.

As of August 26, 2021, the total number of common shares outstanding or issuable pursuant to other outstanding securities is as follows:

Common Shares		Number
Outstanding	(i)	73,634,695
Issuable upon exercise of Finder's Warrants and Agent Options	(ii)	1,134,107
Issuable upon exercise of Cerrado Options	(iii)	6,370,000
Issuable upon exercise of Cerrado Warrants	(iv)	2,000,000
Issuable upon redemption of Cerrado RSUs	(v)	4,151,671
Diluted common shares		87,290,473

(i) Includes 1,666,667 common shares issued to Capella Minerals for the acquisition of Minera Mariana, 8,845,750 common shares issued upon conversion of the previously issued Special Warrants, 11,111,200 common shares from the February 17, 2021 private placement, and 1,937,416 common shares issued to BB1 upon completion of the RTO transaction on February 22, 2021.

(ii) In connection with the private placement of Special Warrants in September 2020, the Company granted Haywood

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Securities Inc. (the "Agent") 123,625 Finder's Warrants and 505,115 Agent Options exercisable at \$0.80. The Company granted 666,672 broker warrants in connection with the CAD\$15.0 million private placement closed on February 19, 2021, in conjunction with the completion of the RTO transaction.

- (iii) There were 6,370,000 stock options outstanding under the Company's Omibus Incentive Plan with exercise prices ranging from \$0.45 and CAD\$1.41, and expiring between February 27, 2024 and August 9, 2026.
- (iv) There were 2,000,000 common share purchase warrants with an exercise price of \$0.20 and expiring on October 3, 2021.
- (v) There were 4,151,671 RSUs outstanding under the Company's Omibus Incentive Plan, which were granted on February 27, 2019, June 24, 2020, September 14, 2020, November 13, 2020 and June 1, 2021.

Cerrado has not issued any preferred shares.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

As of June 30, 2021, the Company does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements that have, or are reasonably likely to have, a current or future effect on the results of operations or financial condition of the Company including, without limitation, such considerations as liquidity and capital resources that have not previously been discussed.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

In accordance with IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures, key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company directly or indirectly, including any directors (executive and non-executive) of the Company.

(a) Compensation of key management personnel

During the six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 compensation of key management personnel is summarized as follows:

	June 30 2021	June 30 2020
Management and director compensation	\$ 1,042	\$ 390
Share-based payments	527	1,397
	\$ 1,569	\$ 1,787

(b) Due to and from related parties

In addition to the transactions detailed elsewhere in profit or loss, the Company shares administrative services and office space with Ascendant Resources Inc. ("Ascendant"), a related company by virtue of common directors and officers, and from time to time will incur third party costs on behalf of related parties. Related party transactions are recognized at the amounts agreed between the parties. Outstanding balances are due on demand, unsecured and settlement occurs in cash. As at June 30, 2021, the amount payable from Ascendant for lease obligations was \$0.2 million.

As at June 30, 2021, amounts owed from Ascendant in relation to shared services are \$0.4 million (June 30, 2020 - \$Nil).

On June 24, 2020, Ascendant was granted a total of 200,000 RSUs in the capital of Cerrado in exchange for administrative services provided. During the year ended December 31, 2020 Ascendant received 66,667 common shares of Cerrado in accordance with the vesting terms of the 200,000 RSUs granted on June 24, 2020. Subsequent to the quarter-end, the Company approved the accelerated vesting of the final tranche of the 200,000 RSUs granted to Ascendant.

On October 5, 2020, Cerrado subscribed for a total of 2,650,000 units of Ascendant at a cost of CAD\$0.10 per unit for a total cost of CAD\$0.4 million. Each unit consists of one common share of Ascendant and one-half of one common

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share purchase warrant. Each warrant entitles Cerrado to acquire one common share at a price of CAD\$0.15 per share for a 24-month period following the closing date of private placement. Cerrado accounts for this investment at FVTPL, with a fair value at June 30, 2021 of \$0.4 million (CAD\$0.5 million).

ITEM 11 - ACQUISITION OF MINERA DON NICOLAS

On March 16, 2020 (the "Closing Date"), the Company entered into an Agreement to acquire MDN and its namesake operating mine and surrounding properties in Argentina. The Company acquired the MDN mine in Argentina to add an operating asset that will complement the Company's Monte do Carmo gold exploration project in Brazil. Under the terms of the agreement the Company paid the Compañía Inversora En Minas ("CIMINAS") and Compañía Inversora Argentina Para La Exportacion S.A. ("CIAPEXSA") (together the "Sellers") an initial payment of \$15 million at closing, with future payments of \$10 million in 24 months, \$2 million in 36 months, \$10 million in 48 months and \$10 million in 60 months from the Closing Date and will be payable from a sinking fund, to be set up by the Company. The future consideration payable amount was initially recorded at fair value of \$21.4 million. The payable amount is discounted using a rate of 12%, which was the Company's estimated weighted-average cost of capital. For the six months ended June 30, 2021 the discount was amortized by \$1.4 million which were included in finance costs. As at June 30, 2021, the amount held in restricted cash of \$2.5 million relates to the sinking fund set up by the Company.

In addition to the agreed upon payment of \$0.5 million, the Sellers are entitled to the following "Initial Bonus" amounts, 48 months from closing date, provided the terms of agreement as described are met;

- \$2.5 million if Mineral Reserves in accordance with NI 43-101 technical report, exceed closing Mineral Reserves of 215,000 ounces of gold by between 250,000 and 499,999 ounces of gold
- \$5 million if Mineral Reserves in accordance with NI 43-101 technical report, exceed closing Mineral Reserves of 215,000 ounces of gold by at least 500,000 ounces of gold

In addition to the above, the Sellers are entitled to a "Final Bonus" of \$5 million, 30 months from the final payment date, if Mineral reserves in accordance with NI 43-101 technical report, exceed closing Mineral Reserves of 215,000 ounces of gold by at least 750,000 ounces of gold.

The "Initial and Final Bonus" payment will not be payable to the Seller if the average LBMA gold price per ounce is below \$1,250 in the six months preceding the payment date as described.

As described above the "Initial and Final Bonus" is contingent upon meeting several criteria, including the completion of the NI 43-101 report. These contingent payments have been valued at \$nil and are not included in the purchase price calculation below.

With the completion of the transaction, MDN has become a wholly owned subsidiary of Cerrado, and the Company is now the owner and operator of MDN, an open-pit gold mine in the province of Santa Cruz, Argentina.

The Company determined that the transaction represents a business combination under IFRS 3 Business Combinations ("IFRS 3"), with Cerrado identified as the acquirer and as such, the transaction has been accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting in accordance with IFRS 3. The total purchase price consideration of the acquisition was \$36.4 million.

Acquisition related transaction costs of \$0.7 million were recorded in the Company's consolidated statements of operation and comprehensive income in 2020.

Subsequent to the quarter-end, the Company finalized a working capital adjustment and resolved certain other matters related to the Minera Don Nicolas acquisition, which includes a payment of \$0.5 million by the Company to the Sellers made subsequent to quarter end, and a further \$0.5 million to be paid by April 2022.

As at the date of acquisition, MDN had approximately \$66 million of excess tax basis, the benefit of which has not been recognized in the purchase equation or these financial statements.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES & JUDGEMENTS

Refer to Note 2 of the Cerrado Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2020.

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CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Refer to Note 3 of the Cerrado Financial Statements for the year ended December 31, 2020.

NON-IFRS PERFORMANCE MEASURES

The non-IFRS performance measures presented do not have any standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and are therefore unlikely to be directly comparable to similar measures presented by other issuers.

Non-IFRS Measures

EBITDA is a non-IFRS measure that represents an indication of the Company's continuing capacity to generate earnings from operations before taking into account management's financing decisions, share based compensation, and costs of consuming capital assets, and management's estimate of their useful life. EBITDA comprises revenue less operating expenses before interest expense (income), property, plant and equipment amortization and depletion, and income taxes. Adjusted EBITDA has been included in this document. Under IFRS, entities must reflect in compensation expense the cost of share-based payments. In the Company's circumstances, share-based payments involve a significant accrual of amounts that will not be settled in cash but will be settled by the issuance of shares in exchange for cash. EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA do not have any standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for measures of performance prepared in accordance with IFRS. EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA exclude the impact of cash costs of financing activities and taxes, and the effects of changes in operating working capital balances, and therefore are not necessarily indicative of operating profit or cash flow from operations as determined under IFRS. Other companies may calculate EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA differently. As such, the Company has made an entity specific adjustment to EBITDA for these expenses. The Company has also made an entity-specific adjustment to the foreign currency exchange (gain)/loss.

The following table provides a reconciliation of net loss to adjusted EBITDA:

Adjusted EBITDA	Unit	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
		June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Net income (loss)	\$ 000's	(1,765)	(3,081)	(7,437)	(5,487)
<i>Adjusted for:</i>					
Depreciation	\$ 000's	1,309	874	2,089	882
Metal inventory adjustment	\$ 000's	-	442	-	(442)
Transaction costs	\$ 000's	32	392	172	392
Listing expense	\$ 000's	-	-	1,511	-
Finance items	\$ 000's	1,340	1,378	2,785	1,843
Share-based payments	\$ 000's	463	2,025	641	2,130
Foreign currency exchange gain/loss	\$ 000's	189	372	368	465
Income taxes	\$ 000's	184	-	667	-
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 000's	\$1,752	\$2,402	\$796	(\$217)

(*) Does not include key operating information and statistics for the period from March 16, 2020 to March 31, 2020 at Minera Don Nicolas

Total cash costs

Total cash costs is a common financial performance measure in the gold mining industry but with no standard meaning under IFRS. Cerrado Gold reports total cash costs on a sales basis. The Company believes that, in addition to conventional measures prepared in accordance with IFRS, such as sales, certain investors use this information to evaluate the Company's performance and ability to generate operating earnings and cash flow from its mining operations. Management uses this metric as an important tool to monitor operating cost performance.

Total cash costs include production costs such as mining, processing, refining and site administration, less share-based compensation and net of silver sales divided by gold ounces sold to arrive at total cash costs per gold ounce sold. The measure also includes other mine related costs incurred such as mine standby costs and current inventory write downs. Production costs are exclusive of depreciation. Production costs include the costs associated with providing the royalty in-kind ounces. Other companies may calculate this measure differently.

Average realized price and Average realized margin

Average realized price and average realized margin per ounce sold are used by management and investors to better understand the gold price and margin realized throughout a period.

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Average realized price is calculated as metal sales per the statement of comprehensive earnings and includes realized gains and losses on gold derivatives, less silver sales, per ounce sold. Average realized margin represents average realized price per gold ounce sold less total cash costs per ounce sold.

Average realized price and Average realized margin		Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
		June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Metal sales	\$ 000's	17,858	9,364	29,021	9,364
Less: Silver sales	\$ 000's	(581)	(138)	(954)	(138)
Revenues from gold sales	\$ 000's	17,277	9,226	28,067	9,226
Gold ounces sold	oz	9,744	5,486	16,328	5,486
Average realized price per gold ounce sold	\$/oz	\$1,773	\$1,682	\$1,719	\$1,682
Less: Total cash costs per gold ounce sold	\$/oz	(\$1,219)	(\$1,020)	(\$1,277)	(\$1,020)
Average realized margin per gold ounce sold	\$/oz	\$555	\$661	\$442	\$661

(*) Does not include key operating information and statistics for the period from March 16, 2020 to March 31, 2020 at Minera Don Nicolas

All-in Sustaining Costs

All- Sustaining Costs per gold payable ounces includes mine direct operating costs (mining, administration and other mine related costs incurred) as well as refining and freight costs, royalties, corporate G&A and sustaining capital costs, less by-product credits, divided by gold payable ounces sold. The measure does not include depreciation, depletion, amortization and reclamation expenses.

The following table provides a reconciliation of direct operating costs and All-in Sustaining Costs to mine operating expenses, as reported in the Company's consolidated statement of income (loss) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 and three months ended March 31, 2021:

Direct operating cost		Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
		June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Mine operating expenses (from consolidated financial statements)	\$ 000's	15,810	8,054	26,941	8,054
Deduct: Depreciation in production	\$ 000's	(1,309)	(865)	(2,089)	(865)
Total cash costs (including royalties)	\$ 000's	14,501	7,189	24,852	7,189
Deduct: Royalties and production taxes	\$ 000's	(2,047)	(1,453)	(3,048)	(1,453)
Direct operating costs	\$ 000's	\$12,454	\$5,736	\$21,804	\$5,736

(*) Includes key operating information and statistics for the period from March 16, 2020 to June 30, 2021 at Minera Don Nicolas

AISC per Au payable pound sold	Unit	Three Months Ended		Six Months Ended	
		June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Gold ounces sold	oz	9,744	5,486	16,328	5,486
Total Cash Cost Reconciliation					
Direct operating costs	\$ 000's	12,454	5,736	21,804	5,736
Deduct: Silver sales	\$ 000's	(581)	(138)	(954)	(138)
Total Cash Costs	\$ 000's	11,873	5,598	20,850	5,598
Total cash costs per ounce sold	\$/oz	\$1,219	\$1,020	\$1,277	\$1,020
All-In Sustaining Costs (AISC) Reconciliation.					
Total Cash Costs	\$ 000's	11,873	5,598	20,850	5,598
Add: Sustaining Capital Expenditures	\$ 000's	1,100	609	2,623	651
Add: Royalties and production taxes	\$ 000's	2,047	1,453	3,048	1,453
Add: Corporate G&A, excluding depreciation and amortization	\$ 000's	1,908	3,044	4,120	4,508
Total All-in Sustaining Costs - Consolidated	\$ 000's	16,928	10,704	30,641	12,210
Deduct: Corporate G&A, excluding depreciation and amortization	\$ 000's	(1,908)	(3,044)	(4,120)	(4,508)
Total All-in Sustaining Costs - Minera Don Nicolas	\$ 000's	\$15,020	\$7,660	\$26,521	\$7,702
All-In Sustaining Costs per Ounce Sold - Minera Don Nicolas	\$/oz	\$1,542	\$1,396	\$1,624	\$1,404

(*) Does not include key operating information and statistics for the period from March 16, 2020 to March 31, 2020 at Minera Don Nicolas

(1) If the Company were to include Corporate G&A expenses, AISC / Au oz would be \$1,737 and \$1,951 for the 3 months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 and \$2,083 for the 3 months ended March 31, 2021, respectively.

Additional Non-IFRS measures

The Company uses other financial measures, the presentation of which is not meant to be a substitute for other subtotals or totals presented in accordance with IFRS, but rather should be evaluated in conjunction with such IFRS measures. The following other financial measures are used:

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- Operating cash flows before movements in working capital - excludes the movement from period-to-period in working capital items including trade and other receivables, prepaid expenses, deposits, inventories, trade and other payables and the effects of foreign exchange rates on these items.

The terms described above do not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS, and therefore the Company's definitions are unlikely to be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies. The Company's management believes that their presentation provides useful information to investors because cash flows generated from operations before changes in working capital excludes the movement in working capital items. This, in management's view, provides useful information of the Company's cash flows from operations and are considered to be meaningful in evaluating the Company's past financial performance or its future prospects. The most comparable IFRS measure is cash flows from operating activities.

RISKS & UNCERTAINTIES

The Company is subject to significant risks, challenges, and uncertainties, similar to other mineral exploration, development and productions, due to the nature of the mining industry. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to the following:

Limited Operating History

The Company has a limited history of operating and generating earnings from operations. The Company's continued operation will be dependent upon its ability to generate operating revenues and to procure additional financing.

Exploration, Development and Operating Risks

Mining operations generally involve a high degree of risk. Cerrado's operations are subject to all the hazards and risks normally encountered in the exploration, development and production of gold, including unusual and unexpected geologic formations, seismic activity, rock bursts, cave-ins, flooding and other conditions involved in the drilling and removal of material, any of which could result in damage to, or destruction of, mines and other producing facilities, damage to life or property, environmental damage and possible legal liability. Although adequate precautions to minimize risk will be taken, milling operations are subject to hazards such as equipment failure or failure of retaining dams around tailings disposal areas which may result in environmental pollution and consequent liability. The exploration for and development of mineral deposits involves significant risks which even a combination of careful evaluation, experience and knowledge may not eliminate. While the discovery of an ore body may result in substantial rewards, few properties which are explored are ultimately developed into producing mines. Major expenses may be required to locate and establish Mineral Resources and Reserves, to develop metallurgical processes and to construct mining and processing facilities at a particular site. It is impossible to ensure that the exploration or development programs planned by Cerrado will result in a profitable commercial mining operation. Whether a mineral deposit will be commercially viable depends on a number of factors, some of which are: the particular attributes of the deposit, such as size, grade and proximity to infrastructure; metal prices which are highly cyclical; and government regulations, including regulations relating to prices, taxes, royalties, land tenure, land use, importing and exporting of minerals and environmental protection. The exact effect of these factors cannot be accurately predicted, but the combination of these factors may result in the Company not receiving an adequate return on invested capital.

Dependence on Minera Don Nicolas

While the Company holds and may invest in additional mining and exploration projects in the future, the Don Nicolas mine is currently the Company's only producing asset, providing all of the Company's operating revenue and cash flows. Consequently, a delay or any difficulty encountered in the operations at the Minera Don Nicolas would materially and adversely affect the financial condition and financial sustainability of the Company. Any adverse changes or developments, such as, but not limited to, the inability to successfully complete other work programs or expansions, obtain financing on commercially suitable terms, or hire suitable personnel and mining contractors, may have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial performance, results of operations and liquidity. In addition, the results of operations of the Company could be materially and adversely affected by any events which cause the mine to operate at less than optimal capacity, including, among other things, equipment failure or shortages of spares, consumables and reagents, adverse weather, serious environmental and safety issues, any permitting or licensing issues and any failure to produce expected amounts of gold.

Uncertainty of Resource Estimates

The Company has engaged internal and expert independent technical consultants to advise it on, among other things, Mineral Resources, geotechnical, metallurgy and project engineering. The Company believes that these experts are competent and that they have carried out their work in accordance with all internationally recognized industry standards.

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If, however, the work conducted by, and the Mineral Resource estimates of these experts are ultimately found to be incorrect or inadequate in any material respect, such events could materially and adversely affect the Company's future operations, cash flows, earnings, results of operations, financial condition and the economic viability of its projects.

The Mineral Resource Estimate with respect to the Monte Do Carmo project in Brazil are based on limited information acquired through historical drilling conducted by outside third parties as well as from drilling completed by Cerrado. No assurance can be given that anticipated tonnages and grades will be achieved or that the indicated level of recovery or economic value will be realized.

No Defined Mineral Reserves

The Company has not defined any Mineral Reserves on its concessions at the Monte Do Carmo project in Brazil or at the Don Nicolas mine in Argentina and there can be no assurance that any of the concessions under exploration contain commercial quantities of any minerals. Even if commercial quantities of minerals are identified, there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to exploit the resources or, if the Company is able to exploit them, that it will do so on a profitable basis. Substantial expenditures may be required to locate and establish Mineral Reserves, to develop metallurgical processes and to construct mining and processing facilities at a particular site, and substantial additional financing may be required. It is impossible to ensure that the exploration or development programs planned by the Company will result in a profitable commercial mining operation. The decision as to whether a particular property contains a commercial mineral deposit and should be brought into production will depend on the results of exploration programs and/or feasibility studies, and the recommendations of duly qualified engineers and geologists. Several significant factors will be considered, including, but not limited to: the particular attributes of the deposit, such as size, grade and proximity to infrastructure; metal prices, which are highly cyclical; government regulations, including regulations relating to prices, taxes, royalties, land tenure, land use, importing and exporting of minerals and environmental protection; ongoing costs of production; and availability and cost of additional funding.

Metal Price Risk

Even if commercial quantities of mineral deposits are discovered, there is no guarantee that a profitable market will exist for the sale of the metals produced. Factors beyond the control of the Company may affect the marketability of any substances discovered. The prices of various metals have experienced significant movement over short periods of time and are affected by numerous factors beyond the control of the Company, including international economic and political trends, expectations of inflation, currency exchange fluctuations, interest rates and global or regional consumption patterns, speculative activities and increased production due to improved mining and production methods.

The supply of and demand for metals are affected by various factors, including political events, economic conditions and production costs in major producing regions. There can be no assurance that the price of any minerals contained in a deposit will be such that the Company's properties can be mined at a profit. The Company is particularly exposed to the risk of movement in the price of gold. Declining market prices for gold could have a material effect on the Company's profitability.

Foreign Currency Risks

There continue to be risks relating to the uncertain and unpredictable political and economic environment in Argentina, especially at the provincial level in Santa Cruz where Don Nicolas mine is located. Inflation remains a challenge in Argentina and Argentina's central bank enacted a number of foreign currency controls in 2019 and 2020 in an effort to stabilize the local currency.

The MDN mine, which was acquired on March 16, 2020, is a U.S. dollar functional currency entity. Argentina has been considered a hyperinflationary environment with a cumulative inflation rate of over 100% for the last three years.

Effective December 23, 2019, changes to Argentina's tax laws proposed by the new Argentine Government were implemented. The changes ratified and extended legislation which was to expire on December 31, 2019 and allow the Argentine Central Bank to regulate funds coming into and flowing out of Argentina in order to maintain stability and support the economic recovery of the country. The Argentine Government has not set an expiry date for these restrictions, and they currently remain in place. These capital controls together with additional temporary controls enacted on May 29, 2020, have the effect of: requiring exporters to convert the equivalent value of foreign currency received from the export into Argentine Pesos; requiring the prior consent of the Argentine Central Bank to the payment of cash dividends and distributions of currency out of Argentina; requiring Argentine companies to convert foreign currency loans received from abroad into Argentine Pesos; and restricting the sale of Argentine Pesos for foreign currency. Accordingly, the Company is required to convert the equivalent value of proceeds received in foreign currency from the export of all gold doré from the Don Nicolas Mine, into Argentine Pesos. In addition, the Company would be

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required to obtain the prior consent of the Argentine Central Bank to the payment of cash dividends and distributions of profits out of Argentina.

Most recently, on September 16, 2020, Argentina's central bank enacted a new resolution requiring companies to refinance, with at least a two-year term, sixty percent of any debt maturing between October 15, 2020 and March 31, 2021. However, we do not hold any external debt at MDN. Therefore, this newly enacted resolution, is not expected to have a material impact on our financial statements.

Competition and Agreements with Other Parties

The mining industry is competitive in all its phases. The Company will compete with numerous other participants in the search for the acquisition of mineral properties, in the marketing of mineral resources, technical capacity and for financial resources. Their competitors include mining companies that have substantially greater financial resources, staff and facilities than those of the Company, as the case may be. The Company's ability to increase resources in the future will depend not only on its ability to explore and develop its present properties, but also on its ability to select and acquire suitable producing properties or prospects for exploratory drilling. Competitive factors in the distribution and marketing of mineral resources include price and methods and reliability of delivery.

The Company may, in the future, be unable to meet its share of costs incurred under such agreements to which it is party and it may have its interest in the properties subject to such agreements reduced as a result. Also, if other parties to such agreements do not meet their share of such costs, the Company may not be able to finance the expenditures required to complete recommended programs.

Regulatory

Cerrado's current and future mining operations including but not limited to exploration, development, production, pricing, marketing and transportation are subject to extensive controls and regulations imposed by various levels of government that may be amended from time to time. Failure to comply with applicable laws, regulations and permit requirements may result in enforcement actions thereunder, including orders issued by regulatory or judicial authorities causing operations to cease or be curtailed, and may include corrective measures requiring capital expenditures, installation of additional equipment, or remedial actions.

The Company's operations may require licenses from various governmental authorities. There can be no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain all necessary approvals, licenses and permits that may be required to carry out exploration and development at its projects. A failure to obtain such approval on a timely basis or material conditions imposed by such authority in connection with the approval would materially affect the prospects of the Company.

Foreign Operations and Political Risk

The Company holds mining and exploration properties in Argentina and Brazil, exposing it to the socioeconomic conditions as well as the laws governing the mining industry in those countries. Inherent risks with conducting foreign operations include, but are not limited to: high rates of inflation; military repression; war or civil war; social and labour unrest; organized crime; hostage taking; terrorism; violent crime; extreme fluctuations in currency exchange rates; expropriation and nationalization; renegotiation or nullification of existing concessions, licenses, permits and contracts; illegal mining; changes in taxation policies including carbon taxes; restrictions on foreign exchange and repatriation; and changing political norms, currency controls and governmental regulations that favour or require the Company to award contracts in, employ citizens of, or purchase supplies from, a particular jurisdiction.

Changes, if any, in mining or investment policies or shifts in political attitude in any of the jurisdictions in which the Company operates may adversely affect the Company's operations or profitability. Operations may be affected in varying degrees by government regulations with respect to, but not limited to, restrictions on production, price controls, export controls, currency remittance, importation of parts and supplies, income, carbon and other taxes, expropriation of property, foreign investment, maintenance of claims, environmental legislation, land use, land claims of local people, water use and mine safety.

Failure to comply strictly with applicable laws, regulations and local practices relating to mineral right applications and tenure could result in loss, reduction or expropriation of entitlements, or the imposition of additional local or foreign parties as joint venture partners with carried or other interests. In addition, changes in government laws and regulations, including taxation, royalties, the repatriation of profits, restrictions on production, export controls, changes in taxation policies, environmental and ecological compliance, expropriation of property and shifts in the political stability of the country, could adversely affect the Company's exploration, development and production initiatives in these countries.

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In Argentina, a 12% export duty was imposed by the government in 2018, revised down to 8% thereafter, which affects the Company's Argentine operations. In the province of Santa Cruz, Argentina, where the Company's MDN mine is located, a new local procurement law was assed requiring extractive industries to procure at least 50% of their goods and services from registered local providers, which could further impact our operational results.

The Company continues to monitor developments and policies in the jurisdictions in which it operates and the potential impact such developments and policies may have on its operations; however they cannot be accurately predicted and could have an adverse effect on the Company's operations or profitability.

Environmental

All phases of the mining business present environmental risks and hazards and are subject to environmental regulation pursuant to a variety of federal, provincial and local laws and regulations. Environmental legislation provides for, among other things, restrictions and prohibitions on spills, releases or emissions of various substances produced in association with mining operations. The legislation also requires that wells and facility sites be operated, maintained, abandoned and reclaimed to the satisfaction of applicable regulatory authorities. Compliance with such legislation can require significant expenditures and a breach may result in the imposition of fines and penalties, some of which may be material. Environmental legislation is evolving in a manner expected to result in stricter standards and enforcement, larger fines and liability and potentially increased capital expenditures and operating costs. The discharge of resources or other pollutants into the air, soil or water may give rise to liabilities to governments and third parties and may require the Company to incur costs to remedy such discharge. Although the Company believes that it will be in material compliance with current applicable environmental regulations no assurance can be given that environmental laws will not result in a curtailment of production or a material increase in the costs of production, development or exploration activities or otherwise adversely affect the Company's financial condition, results of operations or prospects.

Permits and Licenses

The Company is required to maintain approvals, licenses and permits from various governmental authorities in order to conduct its business. Such approvals, licenses and permits are complex and time consuming to obtain and, depending on the location of the project, may involve multiple governmental agencies.

In addition, the receipt, duration, amendment or renewal of such approvals, licenses and permits are subject to many variables outside the Company's control, including potential legal challenges from various stakeholders such as environmental groups, non-governmental organizations, community groups or other claimants. The requirements to obtain or maintain such licenses and permits are constantly subject to change. The costs and delays associated with obtaining the necessary permits, consents, authorizations and agreements required for the Company's operations may stop or materially delay or restrict it from proceeding with the development of an exploration project or the operation or further development of an existing mine, resulting in a material adverse impact on its business, financial condition and results of operations.

Substantial Capital Requirements & Liquidity

The Company may have to make substantial capital expenditures for the acquisition, exploration, development and production of mineral resources in the future. There can be no assurance that such capital will be available or, if available, will be on reasonable terms.

Issuance of Debt

From time to time, Cerrado may enter into transactions to acquire assets or the shares of other Companies. These transactions may be financed partially or wholly with debt, which may increase the Company's debt levels above industry standards. Depending on future exploration and development plans, the Company may require additional equity and/or debt financing that may not be available or, if available, may not be available on favorable terms. Neither the Company's articles nor its by-laws limit the amount of indebtedness that Cerrado may incur. The level of the Company's indebtedness from time to time could impair the Company's ability to obtain additional financing in the future on a timely basis to take advantage of business opportunities that may arise.

Insurance and Uninsured Risks

The Company's business is subject to a number of risks and hazards generally, including adverse environmental conditions, industrial accidents, labour disputes, civil unrest and political instability, unusual or unexpected geological conditions, ground or slope failures, cave-ins, changes in the regulatory environment and natural phenomena such as inclement weather conditions, floods and earthquakes. Such occurrences could result in damage to mineral properties or production facilities, personal injury or death, environmental damage to the Company's properties or the properties of others, delays in development or mining, monetary losses and possible legal liability. The Company will maintain

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insurance to protect against certain other risks in such amounts as it considers reasonable. However, its insurance will not cover all the potential risks associated with its operations. The Company may also be unable to maintain insurance to cover these risks at economically feasible premiums. Insurance coverage may not continue to be available or may not be adequate to cover any resulting liability. Moreover, insurance against risks such as environmental pollution or other hazards as a result of exploration and production is not generally available to the Company or to other companies in the mining industry on acceptable terms. The Company might also become subject to liability for pollution or other hazards which may not be insured against or which the Company may elect not to insure against because of premium costs or other reasons. Losses from these events may cause the Company to incur significant costs that could have a material adverse effect upon its financial performance and results of operations.

Title Matters

The Company has taken steps to verify title to mining interests in which it has or is in the process of earning an interest in, including review of condition of title reports, vesting deeds, mining claim location notices and filings, and property tax and other public records and is not presently aware of any title defects. The procedures the Company has undertaken and may undertake in the future to verify title provide no assurance that the underlying properties are not subject to prior agreements or transfers of which the Company is unaware.

Future Financing Requirements

The development and exploration of Cerrados' properties may require substantial additional financing. Failure to obtain sufficient financing may result in delaying or indefinite postponement of exploration, development or production on any or all of the Company's properties or even a loss of property interest. There can be no assurance that additional capital or other types of financing will be available if needed or that, if available, the terms of such financing will be favourable to Cerrado.

With the acquisition of producing Minera Don Nicolas, the Company is reliant on the expected cash flows from operations of the mine to fund its current and future liabilities. There can be no assurance that operating cash flow or any additional financing will be sufficient for any unexpected development or other costs for the mine.

The amount and timing of raising additional capital, which may involve debt or equity, or a combination of both, may be materially impacted by the economic climate in the capital markets. As a result, the cost and availability of any debt and or equity financing may be restricted. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to raise sufficient funds to satisfy its contractual obligations or to further explore and develop its projects, as applicable, upon terms acceptable to the Company, or at all.

Dilution

The Company grants stock options and registered share units under its share-based compensation plan. Holders are given an opportunity to profit from an increase in the market price of the Company's common shares with a resulting dilution in the interest of shareholders. The holders of stock options and registered share units may exercise such securities at a time when the Company may have been able to obtain any needed capital by a new offering of securities on terms more favourable than those provided by the outstanding rights. The increase in the number of common shares in the market, if all of part of these outstanding rights were exercised, and the possibility of sales of these additional shares may have a negative effect on the price on the Company's common shares.

In addition, the Company may need to raise additional financing in the future through the issuance of additional equity securities. If the Company raises additional funding by issuing additional equity securities, such financings may substantially dilute the interests of shareholders of the Company and reduce the value of their investment in the Company's securities.

Reliance on Management

Shareholders of the Company will be dependent on the management of the Company in respect of the administration and management of all matters relating to the Company and its properties and operations. To the extent that management's services would be unavailable for any reason, a disruption to the operations of the Company could result and other persons would be required to manage and operate the Company.

Conflicts of Interest

Certain directors and officers of the Company are also directors and officers of other reporting issuers involved in mineral exploration and development, and conflicts of interest may arise between their duties as officers and directors of the Company, as the case may be, and as officers and directors of such other companies.

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Possible Failure to Realize Anticipated Benefits of Future Acquisitions

The Company may complete acquisitions to strengthen its position in the mineral exploration industry and to create the opportunity to realize certain benefits including, among other things, potential cost savings. Achieving the benefits of any future acquisitions depends, in part, on successfully consolidating functions and integrating operations, procedures and personnel in a timely and efficient manner, as well as the Company's ability to realize the anticipated growth opportunities and synergies from combining the acquired businesses and operations with its own.

Currency Risk

By virtue of the location of its operations and exploration activities, the Company incurs costs and expenses in a number of currencies other than the Canadian and U.S. dollar. The Company has historically raised and expects to continue to raise capital through equity financings principally in Canadian and U.S. dollars, while the majority of its operating and capital costs are incurred in Argentine Pesos and Brazilian Real, giving rise to potential significant foreign currency translation and transaction exposure which could have a material adverse impact upon the Company.

Unfavourable Economic Conditions

The Company's results of operations could be adversely affected by general conditions in the global economy and in the global financial markets. A severe or prolonged economic downturn could result in a variety of risks to our business, including our ability to raise additional capital when needed on acceptable terms, if at all. A weak or declining economy could strain our suppliers, possibly resulting in supply disruption, or cause delays in payments for our services by third-party payors. Any of the foregoing could harm our business and we cannot anticipate all of the ways in which the current our future economic climate and financial market conditions could adversely impact our business.

COVID-19 and Other Health Crisis

The current COVID-19 pandemic and any future emergence of similar pathogens could have an adverse impact on global economic conditions which may adversely impact the Company's operations and the operations of its suppliers, contractors and service providers and the ability to obtain financing and maintain necessary liquidity, the demand for and ability to transport the Company's products and its ability to advance its projects and other growth initiatives. Travel bans may also adversely impact the Company's operations and the ability of the Company to advance its projects. In particular, should any employees or consultants of the Company become infected with COVID-19, it could have a material negative impact on the Company's operations and prospects.

The outbreak of COVID-19 and the resulting global upheavals have caused significant volatility in commodity prices. The outbreak and its declaration as a global pandemic is causing companies and governments around the world to impose sweeping restrictions on the movement of people and goods, including social distancing measures and restrictions on group gatherings and isolation and quarantine requirements, closure of business and government offices, travel advisories and travel restrictions. The duration of these measures, and the related business, social and government disruptions and financial impact cannot be reasonably estimated at this time. The Company cannot estimate whether or to what extent these measures, and the resulting impacts may adversely impact the Company's business, financial condition and results of operations. The Company is working closely with national and local authorities, including labour unions, and continues to closely monitor each site's situation, including public and employee sentiment to ensure that stakeholders are in alignment with continued safe operation of its sites.

SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On August 9, 2021, the Company granted a total of 2,370,000 options to certain eligible participants under the Company's Omnibus Plan. The 2,370,000 options will vest in accordance with the following schedule: (i) 33 1/3% immediately; (ii) 33 1/3% one year from the date of the grant; and (iii) 33 1/3% two years from the date of the grant.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The information provided in this MD&A and the Consolidated Financial Statements is the responsibility of management. In the preparation of these statements, estimates are sometimes necessary to make a determination of future values for certain assets or liabilities. Management believes such estimates have been based on careful judgments and have been properly reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

Additional Information

Additional information relating to the Company can also be found on the Company's website www.cerradogold.com.

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TECHNICAL INFORMATION

All technical information contained herein has been reviewed and approved by Sergio Gelcich, P. Geo, an officer of the Company. Mr. Gelcich is a "qualified person" within the meaning of National Instrument 43-101 – Standards of Disclosure for Mineral Projects.